GENEALOGY DATABASE ENTRY

©Vera V. Mainz and Gregory S. Girolami 1998

Debye, Peter Joseph William

1884 - 1966

DEGREE: PhD (physics) DATE: 1908 TEACHER/RESEARCH ADVISOR: Sommerfeld PLACE: Munich

Nobel Prize in 1936 for his contributions to the study of molecular structures through his investigations of dipole moments and the diffraction of X-rays and electrons by gases and solids; recognized for his pioneering work by the designation of the Debye unit of polar moment; revolutionized the theory of the specific heats of solids, giving specific heat as a function of temperature by a formula which is the same for all solids (containing a constant dependent upon the solid called the Debye temperature); co-discovered the powder method for analyzing crystal structure; suggested that the deviation of electrolytes from the laws of ideal solutions is due to interionic attraction.

- 1. American Chemists and Chemical Engineers; Miles, W. D., Ed.; American Chemical Society: 1976; p114-115.
- 2. Dictionary of Scientific Biography; Charles Scribner's Sons: 1970-1990; vol. 3, p617-621.
- 3. J. Chem. Ed. 1968, 45, 467-473.
- 4. Yrbk. Am. Phil. Soc. 1968, 123-130.
- 5. Farber, E. Nobel Prize Winners in Chemistry 1901-1961; rev. ed.; Abelard-Schuman: 1963; p147-151.