GENEALOGY DATABASE ENTRY

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Harkins, William Draper

1873 - 1951

DEGREE: PhD DATE: 1907 PLACE: Stanford

TEACHER/RESEARCH ADVISOR: Swain

investigated surface chemistry, nuclear and atomic structure, and isotope separations; pioneer in nuclear fusion reactions and identified such processes as the source of stellar energy; discovered the existence of nuclear excited states and the nuclear "packing effect"; independently (with Hardy and Langmuir) suggested the theory of orientation of organic molecules in contact with water; investigated emulsion polymerization, soap micelles, and matters related to the formation of colloids; predicted the existence of the neutron and of heavy hydrogen; first to separate isotopes - using the diffusion of HCl through clay pipe stems to obtain ³⁵Cl, ³⁷Cl, and ³⁹Cl; suggested in 1915 that hydrogen could be transformed to helium and thus liberate energy; showed that the stability and abundance of the elements in stars could be predicted from the relative loss of mass in the fusion reactions of atom-building; recognized that even-numbered elements are more stable.

- 1. Advisor confirmed by comparing thesis title and published papers.
- 2. Dictionary of Scientific Biography; Charles Scribner's Sons: 1970-1990; vol. 6, p. 117-119.
- 3. Asimov, I. Asimov's Biographical Encylopedia of Science and Technology (2nd Ed.); Doubleday: 1982; p649.
- 4. Dictionary of American Biography; Malone, D., Ed.; Charles Scribner's Sons: 1936; vol. 5 (Suppl.), p273-274.
- 5. Biog. Mem. Nat. Acad. Sci. 1975, 47, 49-81.
- 6. National Cyclopaedia of American Biography; James T. White & Co.: 1921-1984; vol. 42, p312-313.
- 7. Dictionary of Scientific Biography; Charles Scribner's Sons: 1970-1990; vol. 6, p117-120.
- 8. American Chemists and Chemical Engineers; Miles, W. D., Ed.; American Chemical Society: 1976; p196-198.