GENEALOGY DATABASE ENTRY

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Scherrer, Paul Hermann

1890 - 1969

DEGREE: PhD DATE: 1916 TEACHER/RESEARCH ADVISOR: Debye PLACE: Göttingen

invented the Debye-Scherrer X-ray technique for studying the structure of polycrystalline materials and used it to study lithium fluoride powder, finding a series of sharp lines due to diffraction from the randomly oriented microcrystals; first to obtain crystallographic evidence that simple salts are composed of charged species in the solid state; first to observe the fibrous structure of cellulose and other organic compounds; contributed greatly to our understanding of the structures of organic colloids; with Debye, showed that X-ray diffraction can yield information about the molecular structure of liquids; determined the structure of various complex salts and proved they were in accordance with the ideas of Werner; studied ferroelectrics, magnetism, piezoelectricity, and other aspects of solid-state physics.

- 1. Dictionary of Scientific Biography; Charles Scribner's Sons: 1970-1990; vol. 18, p784-785.
- 2. Physics Today 1970, 23(1), 129-133.
- 3. Helv. Phys. Acta 1970, 43, 5-8.
- 4. Personal communication with H. Frauenfelder (28Sep95) and K. Alder (5Oct95) confirmed research advisor.