## **GENEALOGY DATABASE ENTRY**

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1927 - 1984

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first to apply topological arguments to the analysis of intramolecular exchange phenomena; pioneer in applying permutation analysis to NMR data in distinguishing reaction pathways; demonstrated nucleophilic attack at the carbon atom of coordinated carbon monoxide in metal carbonyls by using <sup>18</sup>O-labeled water; emphasized the concept that every spectroscopic method has a characteristic time scale; used NMR spectroscopy to study dynamic processes in inorganic compounds, establishing the stereochemistry of main-group fluorides such as PF<sub>5</sub>; developed new methods for synthesizing fluorocarbons and the main-group hydrides, particularly SiH<sub>4</sub> and B<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>; discovered independently (with Hawthorne) the polyhedral borane anions such as B<sub>12</sub>H<sub>12</sub><sup>2-</sup> and investigated their chemistry; discovered a unique regioselective reduction of aromatic hydrocarbons to give all-cis addition of hydrogen and characterized the mechanistic aspects of this reaction; investigated the structural systematics and interrelationships between coordination complexes and clusters; among the first to develop and articulate the cluster-surface analogy for surface chemisorption states; used surface science techniques to establish how aromatic organic molecules are bound to surfaces, and how carbon-hydrogen bonds are broken in the reactions of these molecules on surfaces.

1. Jolly, W. L. From Retorts to Lasers; University of California: 1987; p252-253.

2. Organometallics 1985, 4, 1-4.